

Object oriented programming – Elektrijada 2015 (Bečići)

Task1 (14):	Task5 (14):						
Task2 (14):	Task6 (15):						
Task3 (14):	Task7 (15):						
Task4 (14)							
Task1	Task2	Task3	Task4	Task5	Task6	Task7	Sum()

Task 1. What is the output for the following program?

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int id = 1;

class ClassA {
public:
    ClassA() { id = 1; }
    ClassA(int objectCode) {
        objectID = 0;
        objectVAL = objectCode;
        cout << objectID << " " << objectVAL << " constructor" << endl;
    }
    ClassA(int objectNumber, int objectCode)
        : objectID(objectNumber), objectVAL(objectCode) {
        cout << objectID << " " << objectVAL << " constructor" << endl;
    }
    ClassA Print() {
        cout << objectID << " " << objectVAL << endl;
        return *this;
    }
    int getID() { return objectID; }
    int getVAL() { return objectVAL; }
    virtual ClassA funf(int i) {
        ClassA af(*this);
        af.fun(i);
        af.fun(*this);
        return af.Print();
    }
    void fun(int i) {
        objectID *= i;
    }
    virtual void fun(ClassA aa) {
        objectID += aa.objectID;
        objectVAL += aa.objectVAL;
    }
protected:
    int objectID;
    int objectVAL;
};

class ClassB : public ClassA {
public:
    ClassB(): ClassA(id) {ClassA a(id);}
    ClassB(ClassA a): ClassA(a) {ClassA aa(id);}
    ClassA funf(int i) {
        ClassA af(*this);
        af.fun(-i);
        af.fun(*this);
        return af.Print();
    }
    void fun(ClassA aa) {
        objectID -= aa.getID();
        objectVAL -= aa.getVAL();
    }
};
```

```

class ClassC : public ClassA {
protected:
    ClassA *a;
public:
    ClassC(int i) : ClassA(i) { a=new ClassA(i); }
    ClassC(ClassA aa) : ClassA(aa) { a=new ClassA(aa); }
    ClassA funf(int i) {
        ClassA af(a->funf(i*i));
        af.fun(i);
        af.fun(*this);
        return af.Print();
    }
};

class ClassD : public ClassC {
public:
    ClassD(int i) : ClassC(i) { a=new ClassB(i); }
    ClassD(ClassA aa) : ClassC(aa) { a=new ClassB(aa); }
    ClassA funf(int i) {
        ClassB af(a->funf(i*i));
        af.fun(-i);
        af.fun(*this);
        return af.Print();
    }
};

int main() {
    ClassA a(id, id+1);
    a.fun(id+1);
    a.funf(id*=2);
    ClassB b(a);
    b.fun(id);
    ClassB bb(id+1);
    bb.funf(id*=2);
    ClassC c(bb);
    c.funf(id);
    ClassD d(id*=2);
    d.funf(id/2);
    ClassD dd(c);
    dd.funf(id);
    return 0;
}

```

Task 2. What is the output for the following program?

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;
int c = 0;
class Elektrijada {
public:
    Elektrijada() { c++; }
};

class Becici : public Elektrijada {
public:
    Becici() { c = c << 1; }
};

class OOP : public Becici {
public:
    OOP() { c << 1; }
};

void f(int i) {
    switch (i) {
        case 1: throw 1.2f; break;
        case 2: throw Elektrijada(); break;
        case 3: throw 3.2; break;
        case 4: throw Becici(); break;
        case 5: throw new OOP(); break;
    }
}

void g(int i) {
    switch (i) {
        case 0: throw Elektrijada(); break;
        case 6: throw 2.3; break;
        case 7: throw 3.2f; break;
        case 8: throw OOP(); break;
        case 9: throw new Becici(); break;
    }
}

int main() {
    for (int i = 0; i<10; i++) {
        try {
            f(i);
            try {
                g(i);
            }
            catch (Becici &becici) { cout << "Becici"; }
            catch (OOP &my) { cout << "OOP"; }
            catch (Elektrijada &my) { cout << "Elektrijada"; }
            catch (double) { cout << "double"; }
            catch (float) { cout << "float"; }
            catch (OOP *my) { cout << "*OOP*"; }

            catch (Elektrijada *my) { cout << "*Elektrij@da*"; }
            catch (Becici *becici) { cout << "*Becici*"; }
            catch (float) { cout << "flo@t"; }
            catch (double) { cout << "d0uble"; }
            catch (OOP &my) { cout << "00P"; }
            catch (Elektrijada &my) { cout << "Elektrij@da"; }
            catch (Becici &becici) { cout << "Becici"; }
            cout << i << endl;
        }
        cout << c;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Task 3. What is the output for the following program?

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stdlib.h>
using namespace std;

int id = 0;
class A {
public:
    A() { id += objID = id *= -1; }
    A(int objectNumber) {
        id += objID = objectNumber;
        objID = id > 0 ? objID++ : --objID;
        cout << ++id << " OOP" << endl;
        id *= -1;
    }
    ~A() {
        id *= -1;
        id > 0 ? (cout << objID+id << " JADA " << endl, id++)
                  : (cout << objID-id << " JADA " << endl, id--);
    }
private:
    int objID;
};

class B : virtual public A {
    A a;
public:
    B() : A(id) { }
    B(int i) : A(i) { static A b(i); }
    ~B() { A b(); }
};

class C : public A {
public:
    C(int i) : A(id) {
        //on create :-)
        A b(i);
    }
    virtual ~C() {
        //on remove :-\
        A b(1);
    }
};

class D : public B, virtual public C, virtual public A {
public:
    D(int i) : B(i), A(i), C(1) { static A a(i); }
};

int main() {
    C c(), c();
    D b(id);
    c(), c();
    exit(0);
}
B b(id++);
C c() {
    static C c(id++);
    return c;
};
C c();
```

Task 4. What is the output for the following program?

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

#define dim 20
int b = 0;

class Elem {
protected:
    int data;
    int weight;
public:
    Elem() { data = 0; weight = 1; b+=2; }
    Elem(int d, int w) : data(d), weight(w) {}
    Elem(Elem& el) : data(el.data), weight(el.weight) { b++; }
    Elem& operator=(const Elem &el) {
        data = el.data;
        weight = el.weight;
        b+=3;
        return *this;
    }
    bool operator<(Elem &el) {
        return Value() < el.Value();
    }
    bool Compare(Elem *el) {
        return Size() < el->Size();
    }
    virtual int Size() {
        return data * weight;
    }
    virtual int Value() {
        return data;
    }
    virtual void Print() {
        cout << data << " " << weight << endl;
    }
};

class Container : public Elem
{
    Elem *els[dim];
    int n;
public:
    Container() : n(0){
        for (int i=0; i<dim; i++)
            els[i] = NULL;
    }
    void Add(Elem *elem) {
        els[n++] = elem;
        data += elem->Value();
    }
    int Size() {
        int res = 0;
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
            res += els[i]->Size();
        return res;
    }
    int Value() {
        int res = 0;
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
            res += els[i]->Value();
        return res;
    }
}
```

```

void Rearrange() {
    for (int i=1; i<n; i++) {
        int j = i;
        Elem* el = els[i];
        for (; j>0 && els[j] < els[j-1]; j--)
            els[j] = els[j-1];
        els[j] = el;
    }
}
Container* Join(Container &con) {
    Container* res = new Container();
    for (int i=0, ii=0; i<n || ii<con.n; ) {
        if (i<n && ii<con.n) {
            if (els[i]->Compare(con.els[ii]))
                res->Add(els[i++]);
            else
                res->Add(con.els[ii++]);
        } else if (i<n)
            res->Add(els[i++]);
        } else {
            res->Add(con.els[ii++]);
        }
    }
    return res;
}
void Print() {
    Elem::Print();
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
        els[i]->Print();
}
};

int main() {
    const int size = 5;
    int data = 64, weight = 2;
    Elem arr[15] = { };
    Container con1, con2, *con3;
    for (int i=0; i<size; i++) {
        arr[2*i] = Elem(data-=data/2, weight*=2);
        con1.Add(&arr[2*i]);
        arr[2*i+1] = Elem(data%size, weight/4);
        con2.Add(&arr[2*i+1]);
    }
    con1.Rearrange();
    con1.Print();
    cout << b << endl;
    con2.Rearrange();
    Container con4 = con2;
    con4.Print();
    cout << b << endl;
    con3 = con1.Join(con2);
    con3->Print();
    cout << b << endl;
    return 0;
}

```

Task 5. What is the output for the following program?

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>

using namespace std;

class Derived
{
public:
    Derived(int broj);
    virtual void TillTheEnd();
protected:
    virtual Derived* Create(int broj);
    Derived* left;
    Derived* right;
    int info;
};

class Option : public Derived
{
public:
    Option(int broj);
    virtual void TillTheEnd();
protected:
    virtual Derived* Create(int broj);
};

class Sun : public Derived
{
public:
    Sun(int broj);
    virtual void TillTheEnd();
protected:
    virtual Derived* Create(int broj);
};

Derived::Derived(int broj)
{
    left = right = NULL;
    info = broj;  if (broj>0)    Create(broj >> 3);
}

Derived* Derived::Create(int broj)
{
    if (info & 1) right = new Option(info >> 1);
    else    left = new Sun(info >> 2);
    return this;
}

void Derived::TillTheEnd()
{
    cout << "Derived: " << info<<endl;
    if (left) left->TillTheEnd();
    if (right) right->TillTheEnd();
}

Option::Option(int broj) : Derived(broj) {}
```

```

Derived* Option::Create(int broj)
{
    if (info & 1 ^ 1)    right = new Sun(info >> 1);
    else    left = new Derived(info >> 2);
    return left;
}

void Option::TillTheEnd()
{
    if (left)    left->TillTheEnd();
    cout << "Option: " << info << endl;
    if (right)   right->TillTheEnd();
}

Sun::Sun(int broj) : Derived(broj) {}

Derived* Sun::Create(int broj)
{
    if (info & 1 ^ 1)    right = new Derived(info >> 1);
    else    left = new Option(info >> 2);
    return left;
}

void Sun::TillTheEnd()
{
    if (left)    left->TillTheEnd();
    if (right)   right->TillTheEnd();
    cout << "Sun: " << info << endl;
}

int main(){
    int broj = 0x6C;
    Derived a(broj);
    a.TillTheEnd();
    return 0;
}

```

Task 6. What is the output for the following program?

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
using namespace std;

template <class T1, class T2>
class Node {
public:
    T1 value;
    T2 data;
    Node<T1, T2> *prev, *par, *next;
    Node(T1 v, Node *p, Node *pr, Node *n, T2 d=T2())
        : prev(p), par(pr), next(n), value(v), data(d) { }
    void Update() {
        if (prev != NULL) prev->next = next;
        if (next != NULL) next->prev = prev;
    }
    Node<T1, T2>* Update(T2 newData) {
        Node<T1, T2> *ptr2 = NULL;
        if (prev != NULL || ptr2->prev->data > newData) {
            Update();
            for (ptr2=this; ptr2->prev!=NULL && ptr2->prev->data>newData; ptr2=ptr2->prev);
            if (ptr2->prev != NULL) ptr2->prev->next = this;
            prev = ptr2->prev;
            if (ptr2 != NULL) ptr2->prev = this;
            next = ptr2;
        }
        data = newData;
        return this;
    }
};

template <class T1, class T2>
class Content {
    Node<T1, T2> *first;
public:
    Content() : first(NULL) { }
    bool Empty() { return first == NULL; }
    void Add(Node<T1, T2> *node, T2 data) {
        Node<T1, T2> *ptr = first;
        if (ptr != NULL && ptr->data < data) {
            for ( ; ptr->next != NULL && ptr->next->data < data; ptr = ptr->next);
            Node<T1, T2> *ptrNew = new Node<T1, T2>(0, ptr, node, ptr->next, data);
            if (ptr->next != NULL) ptr->next->prev = ptrNew;
            ptr->next = ptrNew;
            node->prev = ptrNew;
        } else {
            first = new Node<T1, T2>(0, NULL, node, first, data);
            node->prev = first;
        }
    }
    Node<T1, T2>* Get() {
        Node<T1, T2> *ptr = first;
        first = first->next;
        return ptr;
    }
    bool Update(Node<T1, T2>* ptr) {
        if (ptr->next == first) first = ptr;
        return first == ptr;
    }
    Node<T1, T2>* Set(Node<T1, T2>* ptr) {
        ptr->next = first;
        ptr->prev = NULL;
        if (first) first->prev = ptr;
        return first = ptr;
    }
    void Print() {
        for (Node<T1, T2> *ptr = first; ptr != NULL; ptr = ptr->next)
            cout << ptr->data << " - " << ptr->par->value << endl;
        cout << endl;
    }
};
```

```

template <class T1, class T2>
class Collection {
    Node<T1, T2> *base;
    void Change(Content<T1, T2> &conn1, Content<T1, T2> &conn2, Node<T1, T2> *ptr1,
               T2 data, bool bFirst) {
        for (Node<T1, T2> *ptr2 = ptr1->par; ptr2 != NULL; ptr2 = ptr2->par) {
            int newData = data + ptr2->data + ptr2->next->data;
            if (bFirst && ptr2->next->prev == NULL) {
                conn1.Add(ptr2->next, newData);
            } else if (ptr2->next->prev->data > newData) {
                Node<T1, T2>* res = ptr2->next->prev->Update(newData);
                if (!conn1.Update(res))
                    conn2.Update(res);
                Change(conn1, conn2, ptr2->next, ptr2->next->prev->data-ptr2->next->data, false);
            }
        }
    }
public:
    Collection() : base(NULL) { }
    void Read(T1 *ar1, T2 *ar2, int n) {
        Node<T1, T2> **arCorr = new Node<T1, T2>*[n];
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
            arCorr[i] = NULL;
        for (int i=0; i<n; i+=3) {
            if (arCorr[ar1[i]] == NULL)
                arCorr[ar1[i]] = new Node<T1, T2>(ar1[i], NULL, NULL, NULL);
            if (arCorr[ar1[i+1]] == NULL)
                arCorr[ar1[i+1]] = new Node<T1, T2>(ar1[i+1], NULL, NULL, NULL);
            arCorr[ar1[i]]->par = new Node<T1, T2>(0, NULL, arCorr[ar1[i]]->par,
                                                       arCorr[ar1[i+1]], ar1[i+2]);
        }
        for (int i=1; i<n && arCorr[i] != NULL; i++) {
            arCorr[i]->next = arCorr[i+1];
            arCorr[i]->data = ar2[i-1];
        }
        base = arCorr[1];
        delete[] arCorr;
    }
    void Print() {
        for (Node<T1, T2> *ptr1 = base; ptr1 != NULL; ptr1 = ptr1->next, cout << endl) {
            cout << ptr1->value << " " << ptr1->data;
            for (Node<T1, T2> *ptr2 = ptr1->par; ptr2 != NULL; ptr2 = ptr2->par)
                cout << " | " << ptr2->next->value << " " << ptr2->data;
        }
        cout << endl;
    }
    void Process(T1 val1, T1 val2) {
        Content<T1, T2> conn1, conn2;
        Node<T1, T2> *ptr1 = base;
        for ( ; ptr1 != NULL; ptr1 = ptr1->next)
            ptr1->prev = NULL;
        for (ptr1=base; ptr1->value != val1; ptr1 = ptr1->next)
            conn1.Add(ptr1, ptr1->data);
        while (!conn1.Empty() && ptr1->par->value != val2) {
            ptr1 = conn2.Set(conn1.Get());
            Change(conn1, conn2, ptr1->par, ptr1->data-ptr1->par->data, true);
        }
        conn1.Print();
        conn2.Print();
    }
};

int main() {
    const int num = 42;
    int arr1[] = { 2,4,8, 1,2,6, 5,3,8, 3,6,5, 4,3,5, 5,1,3, 1,4,7, 2,5,4, 6,1,5,
                  4,4,9, 3,2,2, 5,6,1, 2,3,5, 6,2,3 };
    int arr2[] = { 0, 4, 7, 9, 2, 3, 6, 8, 5 };
    Collection<int, int> coll;
    coll.Read(arr1, arr2, num);
    coll.Print();
    coll.Process(3, 1);
    return 0;
}

```

Task 7. What is the output for the following program?

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

template <class T, int n>
class Data {
public:
    T arVal[n];
    Data() {
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++) arVal[i] = T();
    }
    Data(T arValues[]) {
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++) arVal[i] = arValues[i];
    }
    int CompareAndCorrect(Data<T, n> &data, T corr) {
        int res = 0;
        for (int i=n-1, p=1; i>=0; i--, p*=2)
            if (arVal[i] >= data.arVal[i]) {
                res += p;
                data.arVal[i] += corr / 2;
            } else {
                data.arVal[i] -= corr / 2;
            }
        return res;
    }
    void Print() {
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++) cout << arVal[i] << " ";
    }
};

template <class T, int n>
class Element {
public:
    Data<T, n> *data;
    T val;
    Element<T, n> *ptr;
    Element() {
        data = NULL; val = T(); ptr = NULL;
    }
    Element(Data<T, n> *d, T v, Element<T, n>* p) {
        data = d; val = v; ptr = p;
    }
    T GetValue() {
        if (ptr != NULL) return val + ptr->GetValue();
        else return val;
    }
    void SetValue(T value) { val = value; }
    Data<T, n>* Create(T corr) {
        T arV[n];
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
            arV[i] = (2 * corr) * (data->arVal[i] / (2 * corr)) + corr;
        return new Data<T, n>(arV);
    }
    void Print(bool bVal = true) {
        if (bVal) cout << val << " | ";
        if (data != NULL) data->Print();
        if (ptr != NULL) {
            cout << "| ";
            ptr->Print(false);
        }
        if (bVal) cout << endl;
    }
};
```

```

template <class T, int n, int m>
class Collection {
    Element<T, n> **arElem;
    Data<T, n> data;
    T corr;
    int fact;
    void Connect(int num, T valOld, T valNew, T corr) {
        int numNew = (num - 1) / fact;
        T vOld = T(), vNew = T();
        if (arElem[numNew] != NULL) {
            vOld = arElem[numNew]->GetValue();
            vNew = vOld-valOld+valNew;
            arElem[numNew]->SetValue(vNew);
        } else {
            Data<T, n> *data = arElem[num]->Create(corr);
            vNew = valNew;
            arElem[numNew] = new Element<T, n>(data, valNew, arElem[numNew]);
        }
        if (numNew != 0)
            Connect(numNew, vOld, vNew, 2*corr);
    }
    int Find(Data<T, n> dt, Data<T, n> data, T &corr, int mm, int num) {
        if (mm == 1) return num;
        num *= fact;
        num += dt.CompareAndCorrect(data, corr) + 1;
        corr /= 2;
        return Find(dt, data, corr, mm-1, num);
    }
    void Search(Data<T, n> dt, T corr, int num) {
        if (num < m*m*m && arElem[num] != NULL) {
            arElem[num]->Print();
            int numNew = dt.CompareAndCorrect(*arElem[num]->data, corr);
            for (int i=0; i<fact; i++) {
                int numTmp = (~i & numNew) | (i ^ numNew);
                Search(dt, corr/2, fact*num+numTmp+1);
            }
        }
    }
public:
    Collection(Data<T, n> d) : fact(n*n), data(d) {
        arElem = new Element<T, n>*[m*m*m];
        for (int i=0; i<m*m*m; i++) arElem[i] = NULL;
        corr = data.arVal[1];
    }
    void Search(Data<T, n> dt) { Search(dt, corr, 0); }
    void Create(Data<T, n> *arD, int sz) {
        for (int i=0; i<sz; i++) {
            T valOld = T(), cr = corr;
            int num = Find(arD[i], data, cr, m, 0);
            if (arElem[num] != NULL)
                valOld = arElem[num]->GetValue();
            arElem[num] = new Element<T, n>(&arD[i], T(1), arElem[num]);
            T valNew = arElem[num]->GetValue();
            Connect(num, valOld, valNew, 2*cr);
        }
    }
};

int main() {
    int size = 16;
    int data[] = { 24,8, 17,1, 31,3, 26,2, 19,11, 22,6, 17,13, 27,13,
                  29,5, 23,14, 18,3, 30,9, 23,3, 25,15, 31,14, 22,10 };
    Data<int, 2> arData[15], collData(data);
    for (int i=1; i<size; i++)
        arData[i-1] = Data<int,2>(&data[2*i]);
    Collection<int, 2, 3> coll(collData);
    coll.Create(arData, size-2);
    coll.Search(arData[size-2]);
    return 0;
}

```

Solutions: Object oriented programming – Bečići 2015

Task1.

```
1 2 constructor  
6 4  
0 2 constructor  
0 2 constructor  
0 3 constructor  
0 2 constructor  
0 6  
0 6  
0 9  
0 8 constructor  
0 8 constructor  
0 8 constructor  
0 8 constructor  
0 16  
0 8 constructor  
0 -4 constructor  
0 12  
0 8 constructor  
0 6  
0 8 constructor  
0 -8 constructor  
0 11
```

Task2.

```
Elektrijada0  
flo@t1  
Elektrij@da2  
d0uble3  
Elektrij@da4  
*Elektrij@da*5  
double6  
float7  
Becici8  
*Elektrij@da*9  
62
```

Task4.

```
62 1  
32 4  
16 8  
8 16  
4 32  
2 64  
64  
12 1  
2 1  
1 2  
3 4  
4 8  
2 16  
65  
74 1  
2 1  
1 2  
3 4  
4 8  
2 16  
32 4  
16 8  
8 16  
4 32  
2 64  
67
```

Task7.

```
14 | 24 8  
3 | 20 12  
1 | 23 14  
1 | 19 11  
1 | 17 13  
4 | 20 4  
1 | 22 6  
1 | 23 3  
1 | 18 3 | 17 1  
4 | 28 12  
1 | 25 15 | 27 13  
1 | 30 9  
1 | 31 14  
3 | 28 4  
1 | 26 2  
1 | 29 5  
1 | 31 3
```

Task5.

```
Derived: 108  
Option: 13  
Option: 0  
Sun: 1  
Option: 6  
Sun: 27
```

Task6.

```
1 + 0 | 4 7 | 2 6  
2 + 4 | 3 5 | 5 4 | 4 8  
3 + 7 | 2 2 | 6 5  
4 + 9 | 4 9 | 3 5  
5 + 2 | 6 1 | 1 3 | 3 8  
6 + 3 | 2 3 | 1 5  
  
19 - 4  
  
9 - 1  
8 - 6  
8 - 5  
6 - 2  
7 - 3
```

Task3.

```
2 OOP  
5 OOP  
-9 OOP  
19 OOP  
-17 OOP  
17 JADA  
32 OOP  
-61 OOP  
30 OOP  
-2 JADA  
-1 JADA  
0 JADA  
1 JADA  
29 JADA  
37 JADA  
36 JADA  
37 JADA
```